

In the Claims

1-7 (cancelled)

8. (previously presented) A method of filtering fluids, comprising the steps of:

supplying unfiltered material through an input to a plurality of stacked frame parts of filtrate plates and filter frames arranged in sets thereof, the filter frames bordering on filter spaces;

discharging filtrate through an output;

forming filtrate cakes in the filter spaces;

sealing each filter space on a side thereof facing a next frame part by a first laminar filter and on an opposite side thereof by a second filter medium;

feeding a washing fluid sequentially through each set of the second filter mediums, the filter cakes and the laminar filters in that order such that in each set the washing fluid flows first through one second filter medium, then through one filter cake and then through one first laminar filter; and

conveying the washing fluid from the laminar filters to the output.

9. (previously presented) A method according to claim 8 wherein

the laminar filters are deep-bed filter mediums; and

the second filter mediums are formed by one of filter cloths and deep-bed filter mediums.

10. (previously presented) A method according to claim 8 wherein

a compressive force is applied to each second filter medium, pressing the respective filter cake in a direction of the respective first laminar filter.

11. (previously presented) A method according to claim 10 wherein

each compressive force is applied to the respective second filter medium by a membrane subjected to a pressurized medium in the form of one of a pressurized gas and a pressurized liquid, each membrane being a component of a membrane plate formed as another frame part.

12. (previously presented) A method according to claim 8 wherein

each first laminar filter and second filter medium are clamped between the respective frame parts formed as plates; and

the unfiltered material and the filtrate is conveyed through channels in the plates to and from the input and output.

13. (previously presented) A method according to claim 12 wherein

the washing fluid is supplied and drained through channels in the frame parts.

14. (currently amended) A device for filtering fluids, comprising:

an input for supplying unfiltered material;

an output for discharging filtrate;

a plurality of stackable frame parts including filtrate plates and filter frames between said input and said output arranged in sets thereof, each said filter frame bordering on a filtrate space for accommodating and forming a filter cake;

first laminar filters being mounted on the respective frame parts, facing others of said frame parts and sealing said filtrate spaces;

second filter mediums bordering said filtrate spaces on sides thereof opposite said first laminar filters; and

channels extending through said frame parts~~—means~~ for conveying a washing fluid sequentially through each set of said second filter mediums, said filtrate spaces and said first laminar filters in that order, and out said output, such that in each set the washing fluid flows first through one filter medium, then through one filter cake and then through one first laminar filter before flowing to said output.

15. (previously presented) A device according to claim 14 wherein

said first laminar filters are deep-bed filter mediums; and

said second filter mediums are one of filter cloths and deep-bed filter mediums.

16. (previously presented) A device according to claim 14 wherein

said frame parts comprise compression means for applying compressive forces to each said filtrate space from the respective second filter medium toward the respective first laminar filter.

17. (previously presented) A device according to claim 14 wherein

said compression means comprise membrane plates being selected ones of said frame parts and having membranes exposed to pressurized medium in the form of one of pressurized gas and pressurized liquid.

18. (previously presented) A device according to claim 14 wherein
said first laminar filters and said second filter mediums are clamped between respective
frame parts formed as plates; and
channels extend through said plates for conveying unfiltered material and filtrate through
said parts and to form said input and said output.
19. (cancelled)
20. (previously presented) A method according to claim 8 wherein
the unfiltered material is a blood plasma fluid for blood-plasma fractionation with filtration
of fine particles.
21. (previously presented) A method according to claim 20 wherein
the fine particles are selected from the group consisting of albumin, globulin and proteins.